

# **Example of conditions for Fuel Handling and Environmental Protection**

- please note that additional conditions may apply according to individual circumstances

## 1. Fuel Handling and Transportation

- Fuel must be transported in secure, leak-proof containers. Handling of fuel should be carried out with the utmost care to avoid spills.
- All transported containers must be clearly labeled with contents and hazard classes in accordance with applicable regulations.
- Any refueling or fuel transfer must be performed using approved pumps and equipment, with appropriate spill trays or other containment measures in place.
- Documentation of the transportation logistics, including safety measures taken during the transport of fuel to and from the cache locations, must be provided.

## 2. Fuel Storage

- Fuel must be stored in approved and robust containers that are suitable for Arctic conditions.
- Fuel containers must be placed on a stable and level surface to minimize the risk of tipping or leakage, in accordance with § 12 in Hjemmestyrets bekendtgørelse nr. 7 af 17. juni 1992 om Nationalparken i Nord- og Østgrønland.
- Secondary containment, such as spill trays or other containers capable of collecting potential spills, must be used.
- Storage locations must be clearly marked on maps, and placement should be maintained at a safe distance from streams, lakes, and other sensitive ecosystems.

## 3. Spill Prevention and Emergency Response

- A contingency plan for handling spills or leaks must be developed and implemented, including equipment and materials for immediate containment and cleanup.
- All personnel involved in fuel handling must be trained in proper spill prevention and response, and in the use of available emergency equipment.
- In the event of a spill, the relevant authorities must be notified immediately, and a full report of the incident, including remedial actions taken, must be prepared.

## 4. Environmental Monitoring and Reporting

- Continuous environmental monitoring of fuel storage sites and surrounding areas must be conducted, especially during unmanned periods, to ensure that no environmental damage occurs, e.g. from leaks or spills.
- Any signs of contamination or environmental risk must be reported immediately to the relevant authorities, and corrective actions must be taken without delay.
- An annual report on fuel management and any environmental impacts must be prepared and submitted to the authorities.

#### 5. Removal of Fuel and Containers

- All fuel containers and any remaining fuel must be removed from the area at the conclusion of the project.
- Containers must be transported in a safe and environmentally friendly manner to an approved facility for proper disposal.
- A plan detailing how the removal will be carried out, including methods of transport and a timeline, must be submitted for approval by the authorities.
- After the removal of fuel depots, the project owners must restore the areas to their original condition, ensuring no lasting environmental impact remains.

#### 6. Documentation and Verification of Fuel Drums

- The project owners must provide documentation verifying the condition and sealing of the fuel drums, including production and inspection reports, to ensure compliance with current regulations.
- Fuel storage sites must be photographed before installing the fuel.
- The fuel depot itself must be photographed when installed at the start of the project.
- Fuel storage sites must be photographed after removal and clean-up when finishing the projects.

## 7. Reporting After Storage Period

At the conclusion of the storage period, a detailed report must be submitted outlining
the steps taken for the removal and disposal of unused fuel and empty containers,
including transportation methods.

## 8. Legal Compliance

- All fuel handling, storage, and transportation must comply with applicable laws and regulations for environmental protection, including § 2, stk. 2, nr. 1 and § 10, stk. 1 in *Inatsisartutlov nr. 9 af 22. november 2011 om beskyttelse af miljøet*.
- Project owners are responsible for ensuring that all activities are conducted in accordance with the specified conditions, and any violations must be promptly addressed, in accordance with § 6, stk. 5 in *Inatsisartutlov nr. 9 af 22. november 2011 om beskyttelse af miljøet*.